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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Great Britain and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : ZORVEC ENTECTA™

Unique Formula Identifier

(UFI)

: 19UA-K0NQ-Y006-Q8NV

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Plant Protection Product

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer

Corteva Agriscience UK Ltd CPC2 CAPITAL PARK

FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE - England - CB21 5XE

UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information : +44 1462 457272

Number

E-mail address : SDS@corteva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 161 88 41235

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage. Carcinogenicity, Category 2 H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated H373: May cause damage to organs through pro-

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exposure, Category 2

longed or repeated exposure.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor. P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardouswaste disposalcontractor or collection site except for empty clean containers whichcan be disposed of as non-hazardous

waste.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

amisulbrom (ISO)

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one.

May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instruc-

tions for use.

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2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumula-tive and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regu-lation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		
	Registration number		
amisulbrom (ISO)	348635-87-0 616-224-00-2	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;	22.01
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1010 M-Factor (Chronic	
		aquatic toxicity): 110	
oxathiapiprolin (ISO)	1003318-67-9	Aquatic Acute 1; H400	4.64
	613-332-00-1	Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 11 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 11	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5 232-455-8 01-2119433307-44- 0113, 01- 2119487078-27	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 10 - < 20
Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated	68131-39-5 500-195-7	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315	>= 1 - < 2.5

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Substances with a workplace exposure limit : Substances with a workp	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl	1335202-81-7	Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 Skin Irrit. 2; H315	>= 1 - < 2.5
247-500-7 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 2; H310 Skin Corr. 1; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	derivs., calcium salt		Aquatic Chronic 3;	
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2682-20-4 220-239-6 613-326-00-9 Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1 ———————————————————————————————————	5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one		Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 2; H310 Skin Corr. 1; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic	
	2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	220-239-6 613-326-00-9	Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1 specific concentration limit Skin Sens. 1A; H317	
11/4/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/	Substances with a workplace exposur Propanediol	e limit : 57-55-6	<u> </u>	>= 10 - < 20

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		200-338-0 01-211945 0057, 01- 21194568 0085, 01- 21194568 0086, 01- 21194568	09-23- 09-23-

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled : Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get

medical attention.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact : Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-

20 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes,

then continue rinsing eye.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed : Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : No cases of human intoxication are known and the symptoms

of experimental intoxication are not known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

Do not allow fun-on from the lighting to enter drains of wate

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

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barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-

ant.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, recovered material should be stored in a vented container.

Container.

The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Neutralize with chalk, alkali solution or ammonia.

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash

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hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling

the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in a closed container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance

with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Plant protection products subject to Regulation (EC) No

1107/2009.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Propanediol	57-55-6	Long-term expo- sure limit (8-hour TWA reference period) (Total vapour and parti- cles)	150 ppm 474 mg/m3	GB EH40
		Long-term expo- sure limit (8-hour TWA reference period) (particles)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
oxathiapiprolin (ISO)	1003318- 67-9	Time Weighted Average (TWA) (inhalable dust)	5 mg/m3	Corteva OEL
5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3- one	26172-55-4	Time weighted average	0.075 mg/m3	Dow IHG
		Short term expo- sure limit	0.23 mg/m3	Dow IHG
2-methylisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	2682-20-4	Time weighted average	1.5 mg/m3	Dow IHG
		Short term expo- sure limit	4.5 mg/m3	Dow IHG

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL):

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Propanediol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef-	10 mg/m3

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	1		fects	
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	168 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	10 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	50 mg/m3
Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	177.79 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	25.21 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	43.84 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	12.61 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	12.61 mg/kg bw/day
Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	294 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	2080 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	87 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1250 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC):

	•	
Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Propanediol	Fresh water	260 mg/l
	Marine water	26 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	183 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	20000 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	572 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	57.2 mg/kg
	Soil	50 mg/kg
Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	0.03 mg/kg food
Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated	Fresh water	0.0446 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0446 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0.0446 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	10 g/L
	Fresh water sediment	41.3 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	41.3 mg/kg
	Soil	1 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

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Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Additionally wear a face shield where the possibility exists for

face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne contact

with this material.

Hand protection

Remarks : Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of

preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materi-

als include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Ni-

trile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reac-

tions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Skin and body protection : Personal protective equipment required for early entry:

Coveralls

Chemical-resistant gloves, Category A (such as butyl rubber, naturalrubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber), all greater

than or equalto 14 mils Shoes plus socks

Respiratory protection : Where there is potential for airborne exposures in excess of

applicable limits, wear approved respiratory protection with

dust/mist cartridge.

Protective measures : The type of protective equipment must be selected according

to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance

at the specific workplace.

All chemical protective clothing should be visually inspected prior to use. Clothing and gloves should be replaced in case of

chemical or physical damage or if contaminated.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid Colour : off-white

Odour : No data available Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable

Flash point : $> 100 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Density : 1.1 - 1.2 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

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Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids

Strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.85 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

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oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract

(nose and throat).

Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties.

Excessive exposure to mineral oil mist may cause lung injury

(lipoid pneumonia).

Excessive exposure may cause:

Incoordination.

LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 1,000 mg/kg

Method: Estimated.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 1.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Remarks: Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause ad-

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verse effects.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 4,445 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 64 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.33 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 87.12 mg/kg

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 183 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50 (Rat, male): 235 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 242 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Propanediol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 20,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rabbit): 317.042 mg/l

Exposure time: 2 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract

(nose and throat).

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Corrosive

Propanediol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Species : Rabbit Result : Eye irritation

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

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Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

Propanediol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Remarks : Information source: Internal study report

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Remarks : For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Test Type : Maximisation Test Species : Guinea pig

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

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Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Species : Guinea pig

Result : May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1A.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks : Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Propanediol:

Species : human

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects, In vivo tests did

not show mutagenic effects

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

sessment

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

sessment

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

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Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases

and positive in other cases., Animal genetic toxicity studies

were negative.

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Negative in genetic toxicity tests.

Propanediol:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Suspected human carcinogens

Has caused cancer in laboratory animals.

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

ment

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Propanediol:

ment

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

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oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Animal testing did not show any effects on foetal develop-

ment.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Propanediol:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction., In ani-

mal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

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specific target organ toxicity.

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Propanediol:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-RE toxicant.

Components:

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not ex-

pected to cause significant adverse effects except at very high aerosol concentrations. Repeated excessive aerosol exposures may cause respiratory tract irritation and even death.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

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Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Propanediol:

Remarks : In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene gly-

col may cause central nervous system effects.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

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2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

Propanediol:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 99 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Information source: Internal study report

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 4.84 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Information source: Internal study report

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): >

100 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Information source: Internal study report

EyC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0.573 mg/l

Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0.00640 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

EC50: 221 mg/kg

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 222

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

oral LD50: > 262 µg/bee

Exposure time: 24 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 213

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contact LD50: $> 250 \mu g/bee$

Exposure time: 24 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 214

oral LD50: > 262 μg/bee Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 213

contact LD50: > 250 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 214

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.0515 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0368 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0225

mg/

Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.037 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.0197 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.69 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: Static

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 0.74 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: Static

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 0.65

mg/l

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Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OPPTS 850.1075

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.67 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: Static

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.351 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.142

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.46 mg/l Exposure time: 88 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

NOEC: 0.34 mg/l Exposure time: 35 d

Species: Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.75 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

NOEC: 0.058 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d

Species: Americamysis bahia (mysid shrimp)

Test Type: flow-through test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50: > 2,250 mg/kg

: 1

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

Method: OPPTS 850.2100

LD50: > 2,250 mg/kg

Species: Poephila guttata (zebra finch)

Method: OPPTS 850.2100

dietary LC50: > 5,620 mg/kg

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 205

dietary LC50: > 5,620 mg/kg

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 205

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White mineral oil (petroleum):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.14 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: Static

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.75 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0.07 mg/l

End point: Not available Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Method Not Specified.

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.28 mg/l Exposure time: 30 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.77 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

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Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Algae): 29 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: static test

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Bacteria): 550 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.23 mg/l Exposure time: 72 d

Species: Fish

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 1.18 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: flow-through test

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.19 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50 (Bluegill sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus)): 0.28 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.16 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.0099

ma/l

End point: Growth rate

EC50 (Algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)): 0.018 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Bacteria): 5.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC: 0.172000 mg/l

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aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

LOEC: 0.572000 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

1

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.77 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.93 - 1.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)): 0.158 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.04 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

1

:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Propanediol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

19,000 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

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Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 13,020 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 7 d

Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Not readily biodegradable.

Estimation based on data obtained on active ingredient.

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is not readily biodegradable according to

OECD/EEC guidelines.

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic

Concentration: 20 mg/l Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 0 - 24 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is

not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

Material is inherently biodegradable (reaches > 20% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

10-day Window: Fail

ThOD : 3.50 kg/kg

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitiser: OH radicals

Rate constant: 8.28E-12 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

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Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted

Concentration: 20 mg/l Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 61 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic

Concentration: 6 mg/l

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 98 % Exposure time: 2 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 98 % Exposure time: 48 d Method: Simulation study

Remarks: Material is expected to be readily biodegradable.

Propanediol:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 81 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Biodegradation: 96 % Exposure time: 64 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306 or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Biochemical Oxygen De-

mand (BOD)

69.000 %

Incubation time: 5 d

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70.000 %

Incubation time: 10 d

86.000 %

Incubation time: 20 d

Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

1.53 kg/kg

ThOD : 1.68 kg/kg

Photodegradation : Rate constant: 1.28E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Estimation based on data obtained on active ingredient.

Components:

amisulbrom (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.4

oxathiapiprolin (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 62

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,900

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 81.07

Method: Calculated.

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 3.4

octanol/water

Method: estimated

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2 - 1,000

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.89

octanol/water Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF be-

tween 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

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5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: -0.71 - 0.75 octanol/water Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Bioaccumulation Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: -0.75 octanol/water Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Propanediol:

Bioaccumulation Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.09

Method: Estimated.

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: -1.07 octanol/water Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product:

Distribution among environmental compartments

Remarks: The product is not expected to be mobile in soils.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Distribution among environ-: Remarks: No relevant data found.

mental compartments

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

: Remarks: No relevant data found. Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Distribution among environmental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Propanediol:

Koc: < 1 Distribution among environ-

mental compartments Method: Estimated.

> Remarks: Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be

> > an important fate process.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and

50).

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Propanediol:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to

REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

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Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Alcohols, C12-C15, ethoxylated:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., calcium salt:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Propanediol:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable requ-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 3082

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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 RID
 : UN 3082

 IMDG
 : UN 3082

 IATA
 : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Oxathiapiprolin, Amisulbrom)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Oxathiapiprolin, Amisulbrom)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Oxathiapiprolin, Amisulbrom)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Oxathiapiprolin, Amisulbrom)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

 ADR
 : 9

 RID
 : 9

 IMDG
 : 9

 IATA
 : 9

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG

Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Remarks : Stowage category A

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964

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Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen- : 964

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes(Oxathiapiprolin, Amisulbrom)

14.6 Special precautions for user

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

: Not applicable

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained : Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de- : Not applicable

plete the ozone layer

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the Euro- E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

pean Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving

dangerous substances.

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Registration Number : MAPP 20856

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

The mixture is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H301 : Toxic if swallowed. H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H310 : Fatal in contact with skin. H311 : Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 : Fatal if inhaled.

H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eve Irrit

Eye Irrit.: Eye irritationSkin Corr.: Skin corrosionSkin Irrit.: Skin irritationSkin Sens.: Skin sensitisation

Corteva OEL : Corteva Occupational Exposure Limit
Dow IHG : Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

Corteva OEL / TWA : Time Weighted Average (TWA)
Dow IHG / STEL : Short term exposure limit
Dow IHG / TWA : Time weighted average

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

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ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - not otherwise specified; NOEC - Non-Observed Effective Concentration; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN - United Nations.

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Calculation method
Carc. 2 H351 Calculation method
STOT RE 2 H373 Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Based on product data or assessment

Product code: GF-3917

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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