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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Great Britain and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : MEMPHIS

Unique Formula Identifier : Q1N8-G0JV-300G-7Q32

(UFI)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : End use herbicide product

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer

Corteva Agriscience UK Ltd CPC2 CAPITAL PARK

FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE - England - CB21 5XE

UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information : +44 8006 89 8899

Number

E-mail address : SDS@corteva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

SGS +32 3 575 55 55 OR

+44 161 88 41235

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Eye irritation, Category 2

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

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Skin sensitisation, Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate-

gory 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 1

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/

attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardouswaste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous

waste.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

pyroxsulam (ISO)

Additional Labelling

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instruc-

tions for use.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		, ,
	Registration number		
Cloquintocet	88349-88-6	Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	35.39
	01-2120249233-62- 0000		
pyroxsulam (ISO)	422556-08-9	Skin Sens. 1; H317	25.51
	613-327-00-4	Aquatic Acute 1; H400	
	013-327-00-4	Aquatic Chronic 1;	
		H410	
		M-Factor (Acute	
		aquatic toxicity):	
		M-Factor (Chronic	
		aquatic toxicity):	
		100	
Halauxifen-methyl	943831-98-9	Aquatic Acute 1; H400	6.95
		Aquatic Chronic 1;	
		H410	
		M-Factor (Acute	
		aquatic toxicity):	
		1,000	
		M-Factor (Chronic	
		aquatic toxicity):	
	2004 74 0	1,000	10 00
Sodium lignosulfonate	8061-51-6	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 10 - < 20
citric acid	77-92-9	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 3 - < 10
	201-069-1		
	607-750-00-3		
E W 11 II O 10	01-2119457026-42	F 1 1 6 116 16	4 0
Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd.,	Not Assigned	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 1 - < 3
reaction products with sodium N-	939-538-4		

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methyltaurinate	01-2119976349-20,	
	01-2119976349-20-	
	0003, 01-	
	2119976349-20-	
	0004, 01-	
	2119976349-20-	
	0005, 01-	
	2119976349-20-	
	0006, 01-	
	2119976349-20-	
	0007	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an

emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

advice.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with

plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center

or doctor for treatment advice.

In case of eye contact : Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-

20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control

center or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in

work area.

If swallowed : Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treat-

ment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison

control center or doctor.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No specific antidote.

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Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or

doctor, or going for treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi-

tion to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrogen fluoride Hydrogen chloride gas

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid dust formation.

Avoid breathing dust.

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Use personal protective equipment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis-

posal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma,

allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Do not smoke.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

oractice.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Do not swallow.

Do not get in eyes.

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Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Store in a closed container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance

with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Plant protection products subject to Regulation (EC) No

1107/2009.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
pyroxsulam (ISO)	422556-08- 9	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	5 mg/m3	Dow IHG

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Hand protection

Use chemical goggles.

Remarks : Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when pro-

longed or frequently repeated contact could occur. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection,

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dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to

glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications

provided by the glove supplier.

Skin and body protection : Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, in dusty atmospheres, use an approved

particulate respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Granules.
Colour : Tan
Odour : Mild

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 4.12 (24.5 °C)

Method: pH Electrode 1% aqueous solution.

Melting point/range : No data available

Freezing point Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range : Not applicable

Flash point : Method: closed cup

Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Not applicable

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Density : Not applicable

Bulk density : 212 g/L (23.8 °C)

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Method: Loose Volumetric

285 g/L (23.8 °C)

Method: Tapped Volumetric

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : none below 400 degC

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Method: EC Method A.14

Oxidizing properties : No

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

None known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids

Strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Hydrogen fluoride

Hydrogen chloride gas

Carbon oxides

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.42 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Halauxifen-methyl:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 10,000 mg/kg

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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.48 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

LD50 (Rat): 3,000 - 12,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: > 4,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

citric acid:

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Result : Eye irritation

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citric acid:

Result Eye irritation

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Result Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Species Mouse

Result Does not cause skin sensitisation.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Test Type : Local lymph node assay

Species Mouse

Does not cause skin sensitisation. Assessment

Halauxifen-methyl:

Remarks Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

Remarks For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Remarks Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Remarks For skin sensitization:

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

Remarks For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

sessment

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

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sessment toxicity studies were negative.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

citric acid:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Did not cause cancer in la-

boratory animals.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: There was equivocal evidence of carcinogenic activity in long-

term bioassays. These effects are not believed to be relevant

to humans.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Halauxifen., Did not cause

cancer in laboratory animals.

citric acid:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

For similar active ingredient(s)., Did not cause birth defects or

any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As- : In an

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

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sessment Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Halauxifen., In animal studies,

did not interfere with reproduction.

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother., Did not cause birth defects in laboratory

animals.

citric acid:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

citric acid:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-RE toxicant.

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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Liver.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney. Liver. Thyroid.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

citric acid:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Remarks : No relevant data found.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

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Halauxifen-methyl:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

citric acid:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)): > 120

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Oyster shell (Crassostrea virginica)): > 110 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Mysid shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia)): > 120 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 66.5

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 12.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 23.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.143 mg/l

Exposure time: 33 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

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oral LD50: > 2250 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

contact LD50: > 200 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 87.0 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Lemna minor (duckweed)): 0.00257 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD 221.

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

100

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 3.2 - 10.1 mg/l

End point: survival Exposure time: 40 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 10.4 mg/l End point: survival

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

100

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 10,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LC50: > 5000 mg/kg diet.

Exposure time: 8 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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LD50: > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: > 107.4 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Halauxifen-methyl:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

LC50 (Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)): 2.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 3.22 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.12 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3.0

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.000393 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

1,000

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 981 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 d

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC: 0.259 mg/l End point: Other

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC: 0.00272 mg/l Exposure time: 36 d

Species: Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.484 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

1,000

LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

End point: mortality

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis

(LC50 > 5000 ppm).

dietary LC50: > 5,620 ppm

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

Method: Other guidelines

dietary LC50: > 5,620 ppm

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

Method: Other guidelines

oral LD50: > 2250 mg/kg bodyweight.

End point: mortality

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

contact LD50: > 98.1 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

oral LD50: > 108 μg/bee Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organ-

isms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in

the most sensitive species tested).

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LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 615 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Remarks: For this family of materials:

citric acid:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organ-

isms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in

the most sensitive species tested).

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1,516 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 440 - 760 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: Static

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic

Biodegradation: 20 - 30 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Halauxifen-methyl:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Halauxifen.

Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegra-

dability.

Biodegradation: 7.7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310 or Equivalent

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Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in

the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready

biodegradability.

Biodegradation: < 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Photodegradation : Rate constant: 1.089E-10 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

citric acid:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Material is expected to be readily biodegradable.

Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% minerali-

zation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

Test Type: aerobic

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Test Type: aerobic Biodegradation: 98 % Exposure time: 7 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.12 octanol/water : Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

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pyroxsulam (ISO):

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.01

Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Halauxifen-methyl:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Exposure time: 42 d
Temperature: 21.8 °C
Concentration: 0.00194 mg/l
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 233

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.76

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF be-

tween 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.2

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

-

log Pow: -3.45 Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

citric acid:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.01

Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.72 (20 °C) Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Distribution among environ: Koc: 206

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mental compartments Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between

150 and 500).

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: <= 42

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Halauxifen-methyl:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 5684

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Distribution among environmental compartments

Koc: > 99999

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

citric acid:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

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Halauxifen-methyl:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

citric acid:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to

REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Components:

Cloquintocet:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

pyroxsulam (ISO):

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Halauxifen-methyl:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Sodium lignosulfonate:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

citric acid:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

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of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Fatty acid chlorides, C18 unsatd., reaction products with sodium N-methyltaurinate:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable requ-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

 ADR
 : UN 3077

 RID
 : UN 3077

 IMDG
 : UN 3077

 IATA
 : UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

 ADR
 : 9

 RID
 : 9

 IMDG
 : 9

 IATA
 : 9

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Remarks : Stowage category A

956

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen: 956

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes(Pyroxsulam, Halauxifen-methyl)

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14.6 Special precautions for user

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high : Not applicable

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained : Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de- : Not applicable

plete the ozone layer

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the Euro- E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

pean Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving

dangerous substances.

Registration Number : MAPP 20659

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

The mixture is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

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H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

Dow IHG : Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline Dow IHG / TWA : Time Weighted Average (TWA):

ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - not otherwise specified; NOEC - Non-Observed Effective Concentration; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN - United Nations.

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method Skin Sens. 1 H317 Calculation method Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Calculation method

Product code: GF-3122

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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