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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Great Britain and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : GRANDSTAND™

Unique Formula Identifier

(UFI)

: 40A7-T0DN-S002-N4HU

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : End use herbicide product

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer

Corteva Agriscience UK Ltd CPC2 CAPITAL PARK

FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE - England - CB21 5XE

UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information : +44 8006 89 8899

Number

E-mail address : SDS@corteva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 161 88 41235

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage. Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate-H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

gory 1

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Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 1

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Hazard pictograms :

**

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor. P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardouswaste disposalcontractor or collection site except for empty clean containers whichcan be disposed of as non-hazardous

waste.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts

Additional Labelling

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instruc-

tions for use.

EUH208 Contains Cloquintocet-mexyl. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumula-tive and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Dele-gated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Halauxifen-methyl	943831-98-9	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1,000 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1,000	0.68
Cloquintocet-mexyl	99607-70-2 01-2119381871-32- 0002, 01- 2119381871-32- 0003, 01- 2119403579-35- 0000	Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	0.66
florasulam (ISO)	145701-23-1 613-230-00-7	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100	0.53
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13- branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts	68953-96-8 273-234-6 01-2119964467-24	Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 3 - < 10
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	1189173-42-9 918-811-1 01-2119463583-34-	STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system)	>= 2.5 - < 3

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	0008, 01- 2119463583-34- 0009, 01- 2119463583-34- 0010	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	
propylene carbonate	108-32-7 203-572-1 607-194-00-1 01-2119537232-48	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT RE 2; H373	>= 1 - < 3

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an

emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

advice.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with

plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center

or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available

in work area.

In case of eye contact : Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-

20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control

center or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in

work area.

If swallowed : Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treat-

ment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison

control center or doctor.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No specific antidote.

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Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or

doctor, or going for treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary. Equipment should conform to EN 12942

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information,

refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

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cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-

ant.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can

be pumped,

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Store in a closed container. Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regula-

tions.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Plant protection products subject to Regulation (EC) No

1107/2009.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL):

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
propylene carbonate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	176 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	20 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	50 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	10 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	43.5 mg/m3
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Environmental Compartment Value		
propylene carbonate	Sewage treatment plant	7400 mg/l		
	Fresh water	0.9 mg/l		
	Marine water	0.09 mg/l		
	Intermittent use/release	9 mg/l		
	Soil	0.81 mg/kg		

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Hand protection

: Use chemical goggles.

Remarks

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol lami-

nate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materi-

als include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Ni-

trile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant work-

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place factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reac-

tions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Skin and body protection : Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.

Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron,

or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced,

or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved

air-purifying respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Liquid.
Colour : Off-white
Odour : Solvent

Odour Threshold : No test data available

pH : 4.37 (24.2 °C)

Method: pH Electrode (1% aqueous suspension)

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Freezing point No test data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No test data available

Flash point : $> 100 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Method: PMCC, closed cup

Evaporation rate : No test data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No test data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No test data available

Vapour pressure : No test data available

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Relative vapour density : No test data available

Density : 0.929 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No test data available Auto-ignition temperature : No test data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Non-Newtonian fluid.

Viscosity, kinematic : Non-Newtonian fluid.

Explosive properties : No

Oxidizing properties : No significant increase (>5C) in temperature.

Reference substance: Monoammonium phosphate

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

None known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids

Strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Information source: Internal study report

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.42 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

florasulam (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.0 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401 or equivalent

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 1,000 - < 1,600 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402 or equivalent Remarks: For similar material(s):

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: For similar material(s):

propylene carbonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

propylene carbonate:

Result : No skin irritation

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Result : Corrosive

propylene carbonate:

Result : Eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Remarks : Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

florasulam (ISO):

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Remarks : For skin sensitization:

For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Remarks : For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

propylene carbonate:

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Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

florasulam (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were

negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

propylene carbonate:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Halauxifen., Did not cause

cancer in laboratory animals.

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

florasulam (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

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Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Contains naphthalene which has caused cancer in some laboratory animals., However, the relevance of this to humans is

unknown.

propylene carbonate:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Halauxifen., In animal studies,

did not interfere with reproduction.

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother., Did not cause birth defects in laboratory

animals.

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

florasulam (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at

doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, In animal studies, did not interfere with

reproduction.

For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any

other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any

other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

propylene carbonate:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

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specific target organ toxicity.

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

propylene carbonate:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney. Liver. Thyroid.

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Liver. Kidney. Thymus. Thyroid. Bladder.

Bone marrow.

florasulam (ISO):

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans:

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Kidney.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Remarks : For similar material(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

propylene carbonate:

Remarks : Repeated skin application to laboratory animals did not pro-

duce systemic toxicity.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

florasulam (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

propylene carbonate:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 81 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 5.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 < 0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

EC50 (Lemna gibba): 0.086 mg/l End point: Number of fronds

Exposure time: 7 d

EC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.065 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.00298 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d End point: mortality

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50: > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight.

End point: mortality

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: > 213.4 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: Other guidelines

contact LD50: > 200 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h

End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: Other guidelines

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

05.02.2024 800080101204 Date of first issue: 05.02.2024 1.0

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Toxicity to fish Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

LC50 (Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)): 2.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 3.22 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.12 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3.0

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.000393 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

1,000

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (activated sludge): > 981 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 d

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.259 mg/l End point: Other

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC: 0.00272 mg/l Exposure time: 36 d

Species: Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.484 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1,000

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d End point: mortality

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis

(LC50 > 5000 ppm).

dietary LC50: > 5,620 ppm

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

Method: Other guidelines

dietary LC50: > 5,620 ppm

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

Method: Other guidelines

oral LD50: > 2250 mg/kg bodyweight.

End point: mortality

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

contact LD50: > 98.1 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

oral LD50: > 108 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.97 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test Method: Method Not Specified.

Remarks: As the ester active substance.

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.82 mg/l

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: flow-through test Method: Method Not Specified.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EbC50 (alga Scenedesmus sp.): 0.63 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Method Not Specified.

EbC50 (Lemna minor (duckweed)): > 0.42 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 14 d

Method: Method Not Specified.

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

oral LD50: > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

dietary LC50: > 5200 mg/kg diet.

Exposure time: 8 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

oral LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

florasulam (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 < 0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 292 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

0.00894 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

EC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): > 0.305 mg/l

End point: Growth inhibition

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

100

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 119 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC: > 2.9 mg/l End point: Other Exposure time: 33 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 38.90 mg/l End point: growth Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level): 50.2 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

100

LC50: > 1,320 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis

(LD50 between 501 and 2000 mg/kg).

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis

(LC50 > 5000 ppm).

oral LD50: 1047 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Coturnix japonica (Japanese quail)

dietary LC50: > 5,000 ppm

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Exposure time: 8 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

oral LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an

acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the

most sensitive species tested).

LC50 (zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio)): 31.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 62 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 29 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 550 mg/l

End point: Respiration rates.

Exposure time: 3 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.23 mg/l End point: survival

Exposure time: 72 d

Species: Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri)

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 1.18 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Remarks: For similar material(s):

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 3 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

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Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

propylene carbonate:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organ-

isms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in

the most sensitive species tested).

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (alga Scenedesmus sp.): > 900 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 72 h

Method: Method Not Specified.

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 800 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min Method: OECD 209 Test

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Halauxifen.

Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegra-

dability.

Biodegradation: 7.7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310 or Equivalent Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

florasulam (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

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Remarks: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready

biodegradability.

Biodegradation: 2 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Biochemical Oxygen De-

mand (BOD)

0.012 kg/kg

Incubation time: 5 d

ThOD : 0.85 kg/kg

Stability in water : Degradation half life: > 30 d

Photodegradation : Rate constant: 7.04E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 2.9 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Material is inherently biodegradable (reaches >

20% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegrada-

bility).

propylene carbonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% minerali-

zation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

Biodegradation: 94 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Biodegradation: > 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

ThOD : 1.25 kg/kg

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitiser: OH radicals

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Concentration: 1,500,000 1/cm3 Rate constant: 3,79E-12 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Exposure time: 42 d
Temperature: 21.8 °C
Concentration: 0.00194 mg/l
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 233

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.76

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF be-

tween 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 122 - 621

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 5.2 (25 °C)

pH: 7

florasulam (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Exposure time: 28 d Temperature: 13 °C

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.8

Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.22

pH: 7.0

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 4.6

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 or Equivalent

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Partition coefficient: n- : Remarks: No data available for this product.

octanol/water For similar material(s):

Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow

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between 5 and 7).

propylene carbonate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and

50).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an im-

portant fate process.

log Pow: -0.41 Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 5684

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 38070

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

florasulam (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 4 - 54

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Stability in soil : Dissipation time: 0.7 - 4.5 d

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

propylene carbonate:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 15

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an im-

portant fate process.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

florasulam (ISO):

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

propylene carbonate:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Components:

Halauxifen-methyl:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Cloquintocet-mexyl:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

florasulam (ISO):

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

propylene carbonate:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regu-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 3082
RID : UN 3082
IMDG : UN 3082
IATA : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Halauxifen-methyl, CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Halauxifen-methyl, CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Halauxifen-methyl, Cloquintocet-mexyl)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Halauxifen-methyl, Cloquintocet-mexyl)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

 ADR
 : 9

 RID
 : 9

 IMDG
 : 9

 IATA
 : 9

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Remarks : Stowage category A

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen: 964

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes(Halauxifen-methyl, Cloquintocet-mexyl)

14.6 Special precautions for user

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix-

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high : Not applicable

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained : Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de: Not applicable

plete the ozone layer

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the Euro- E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

pean Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving

dangerous substances.

Registration Number : MAPP 20724

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

The mixture is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit.: Eye irritationSkin Irrit.: Skin irritationSkin Sens.: Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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n.o.s. - not otherwise specified; NOEC - Non-Observed Effective Concentration; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN - United Nations.

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Calculation method

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Based on product data or assessment

Product code: GF-2644

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