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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Great Britain and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : ACCENT

Unique Formula Identifier

(UFI)

: RV0C-S058-G00M-352P

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Herbicide

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer

Corteva Agriscience UK Ltd CPC2 CAPITAL PARK

FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE - England - CB21 5XE

UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information : + 44 800 689 8899

Number

E-mail address : SDS@corteva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number: +44 161 884 1235

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

gory 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

egory 1 effects.

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2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing mist.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardouswaste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous

waste.

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Nicosulfuron	111991-09-4	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	75

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Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt	68425-94-5	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 3 - < 10		
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts	68608-89-9 271-808-0	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1	>= 1 - < 2.5		
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :					
Kaolin	1332-58-7 310-194-1		>= 10 - < 20		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a physi-

cian.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact : If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-

20 minutes.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Obtain medical attention.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

If victim is conscious: Rinse mouth with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : No cases of human intoxication are known and the symptoms

of experimental intoxication are not known.

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4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Dry chemical

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Applying foam will release significant amounts of hydrogen

gas that can be trapped under the foam blanket.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may

tion to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Do not allow extinguishing medium to contact container contents. Most fire extinguishing media will cause hydrogen evo-

lution, and once the fire is put out, may accumulate in poorly ventilated or confined areas and result in flash fire or explo-

sion if ignited.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Avoid dust formation.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis-

posal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and cloth-

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ing. Keep working clothes separately. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. For environmental protection remove and wash all contaminated protective equipment before re-use. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if material gets inside. Wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in a closed container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance

with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis	
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Long-term expo- sure limit (8-hour TWA reference period) (Respira- ble dust)	2 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		Long term expo- sure limit (Res- pirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	2004/37/EC	
	Further information: Carcinogens or mutagens				
Sucrose	57-50-1	Long-term expo- sure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		Short-term expo- sure limit (15- minute reference period)	20 mg/m3	GB EH40	

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

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Provide for appropriate exhaust ventilation and dust collection at machinery. Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection Hand protection

: Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Remarks : The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifica-

tions of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Before removing gloves clean them with soap and water. Gauntlets shorter than 35 cm long

shall be worn under the combination sleeve.

Skin and body protection : Manufacturing and processing work:

Full protective clothing Type 5 + 6 (EN ISO 13982-2 / EN

13034)

Mixer and loaders must wear:

Full protective clothing Type 5 + 6 (EN ISO 13982-2 / EN

13034)

Rubber apron

Nitrile rubber boots (EN 13832-3 / EN ISO 20345).

Spray application - outdoor: Tractor / sprayer with hood:

No personal body protection normally required.

Tractor / sprayer without hood:

Low application:

Full protective clothing Type 5 + 6 (EN ISO 13982-2 / EN

13034)

Nitrile rubber boots (EN 13832-3 / EN ISO 20345).

Backpack / knapsack sprayer:

Low application:

Full protective clothing Type 5 + 6 (EN ISO 13982-2 / EN

13034)

Nitrile rubber boots (EN 13832-3 / EN ISO 20345).

Spray application - indoor: Motorized greenhouse sprayer:

Full protective clothing Type 4 (EN 14605)

Nitrile rubber boots (EN 13832-3 / EN ISO 20345). Nitrile rubber boots (EN 13832-3 / EN ISO 20345).

Full protective clothing Type 4 (EN 14605)

Low application:

Backpack / knapsack sprayer:

Mechanical automatized spray application in closed tunnel:

No personal body protection normally required.

When exceptional circumstances require an access to the treated area before the end of re-entry periods, wear full protective clothing Type 6(EN 13034), nitrile rubber gloves class

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3 (EN 374) and nitrile rubber boots (EN 13832-3 / EN ISO

20345).

The permeation resistance of the fabric must be verified independently of the « type » protection recommended, to ensure an appropriate performance level of the material adequate to

the corresponding agent and type of exposure.

To optimize the ergonomy it may be recommended to use cotton underwear when wearing some fabrics. Take advice

from supplier.

Garment materials that are resistant to both water vapour and air will maximise wearing comfort. Materials should be robust

to maintain the integrity and barrier in use.

Respiratory protection : Manufacturing and processing work:

Half mask with a particle filter FFP1 (EN149)

Protective measures : The type of protective equipment must be selected according

to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance

at the specific workplace.

All chemical protective clothing should be visually inspected prior to use. Clothing and gloves should be replaced in case of

chemical or physical damage or if contaminated.

Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : granules
Colour : light brown
Odour : slight, acrid
Odour Threshold : not determined

pH : 4.5

Concentration: 10 g/L

Melting point/range : 141 - 144 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : Not applicable

Flash point : Method: closed cup

Not applicable

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : The product is not flammable.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Not applicable

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

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Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.53 g/cm3

Bulk density : 250 - 490 kg/m3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : dispersible Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Self-ignition : not auto-flammable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

None known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids

Strong bases

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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-1

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-3

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-2

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,500 mg/kg

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 520 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 1,000 - < 1,600 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Remarks: For similar material(s):

Kaolin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-5

Result : No skin irritation

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Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Species : Rabbit

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-5

Result : No skin irritation

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Kaolin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-4

Result : No eye irritation

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Species : Rabbit

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-4

Result : No eye irritation

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Species : Rabbit Result : Eye irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Corrosive

Kaolin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Test Type **Buehler Test Species** Guinea pig

Method US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6 Result Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Test Type **Buehler Test Species** Guinea pig

Method US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6

Result Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Test Type **Maximisation Test**

Species Guinea pig

Assessment Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method OECD Test Guideline 406 Remarks For skin sensitization:

For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., In vivo tests Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment showed mutagenic effects

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects. Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-: Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

ment

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Kaolin:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Available data suggest that the material is unlikely to cause

cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction., In ani-

mal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

Kaolin:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Remarks : For similar material(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: spleen Heart Thymus. Liver

Kaolin:

Remarks : Repeated excessive exposure to crystalline silica may cause

silicosis, a progressive and disabling disease of the lungs.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Kaolin:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

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Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.3.

GLP: yes

ErC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.00341 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 122-2 & 123-2

GLP: yes

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

GLP:yes

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

oral LD50: > 100 μg/b

Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 213

GLP:yes

contact LD50: > 100 µg/b Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 214

GLP:yes

oral LD50: > 2,250 mg/kg

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 < 0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

Remarks: Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive spe-

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cies).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 72-1

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 72-2

GLP: yes

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 43 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 71.17

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

EbC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacteria)): 41.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.3.

GLP: yes

ErC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacteria)): 59.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.3.

GLP: yes

EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.0032 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 122-2 & 123-2

GLP: yes

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

100

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 24 mg/l

Exposure time: 90 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Test Type: Early Life-Stage

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 43 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: Static-Renewal

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

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M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

10

oral LD50: > 2,250 mg/kg

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail) Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 71-1

GLP:yes

dietary LC50: > 5,620 mg/kg

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck) Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 71-2

GLP:yes

oral LD50: 0.050 mg/kg Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 213

GLP:yes

oral LD50: > 100 mg/kg Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 214

GLP:yes

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Bluegill sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus)): 1.67 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 0.83 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 37

mg/

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.23 mg/l

Species: Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 1.18 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Biodegradability Remarks: According to the results of tests of biodegradability

this product is not readily biodegradable.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Biodegradability Result: Not biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Bioaccumulation Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: -1.15 octanol/water Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Remarks: No data available for this product.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., sodium salts:

Bioaccumulation Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.5

log Pow: 0 (20 °C) Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water pH: 5.8

Kaolin:

Partition coefficient: n-

Remarks: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applica-

ble.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

octanol/water

Nicosulfuron:

Distribution among environ-

Koc: 33 - 51

mental compartments

Remarks: Under actual use conditions the product has a low

potential of mobility in soil.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Kaolin:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Components:

Nicosulfuron:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Alkylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Kaolin:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 3077
RID : UN 3077
IMDG : UN 3077
IATA : UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Nicosulfuron)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Nicosulfuron)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Nicosulfuron)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Nicosulfuron)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

 ADR
 : 9

 RID
 : 9

 IMDG
 : 9

 IATA
 : 9

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Remarks : Stowage category A

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 956

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen- : 956

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High : Not applicable

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de- : Not applicable

plete the ozone layer

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu- : Not applicable

tants (recast)

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the Euro- E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

pean Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving

dangerous substances.

Registration Number : MAPP 20373

Other regulations:

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

The mixture is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

SECTION 16: Other information

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of H-Statements

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.
H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 : Causes skin irritation.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.

H319 : Causes serious eye irritation. H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard

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Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

2004/37/EC : Europe. Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers

from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens

at work

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

2004/37/EC / TWA : Long term exposure limit

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Other information : Take notice of the directions of use on the label.

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Based on product data or assessment

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Calculation method

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Product code: GF-3864

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB / 6N